

Listeriosis Enhanced Surveillance Form Page 1 of 3



A. PATIENT DETAILS (NOTE: FOR NEONATAL CASES , RECORD MOTHERS DETAILS HERE)	
CIDR EVENT ID HSE ID	Date notified to Dept. PH
HSE area LHO	County
Patient forename	Patient surname
Patient address	GP name & address
Eircode	
Occupation	
Phone	GP Phone
Notified by Country of birth	Hospital name
Country of birth	Hospital number
Sex: Female Male Date of Birth Age (years)	
B 1: CLINICAL AND LABORATORY DETAILS -PREGNANCY-RELATED AND/OR NEONATAL CASES	
Outcome of pregnancy: Live birth Stillbirth Miscarriage Still pregnant	
Date of delivery/miscarriage: Gestational stage (weeks):	
If live birth, illness in baby?	
Nature of baby's illness: Meningitis Bloodstream infection Other, specify Unknown	
Did baby survive? Yes No Unknown	
Method of feeding for infant? Breast Bottle Unknown	
During the pregnancy, did mother have any acute illness? Yes Unknown If YES, onset date	
If YES, provide details of mothers illness	
Specimen type(s) in mother CSF Block	Other, specify Unknown
Specimen type(s) in baby CSF Bloc	od Other, specify Unknown
Please ensure isolate(s) referred to NSSLRL for typing	
B 2: CLINICAL AND LABORATORY DETAILS -NON-PREGNANCY RELATED CASES	
Principal diagnosis: Meningitis Bloodstream infect	ion Other, specify Unknown
Specimen type(s) CSF Blood Please ensure isolate(s) referred to NSSLRL for typing	Other, specify Unknown
Onset date Admission date Discharge date	
Underlying illness? Yes No Unknown If YES: specify	
On immunosuppressive therapy/cytotoxics/steroids? Yes No Unknown If YES: specify	
Outcome: Died Still ill Recovering Recovered Unknown	
If DIED, cause of death: Due to listeriosis	Not due to listeriosis Unknown



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C. RISK FACTORS (NOTE: FOR NEONATAL CASES, RECORD MOTHERS FOOD HX HERE) In the four weeks before onset, did case eat any of the following foods? Yes -probably Cannot recall, Yes-definitely If YES, type and brand and where purchased 2 Soft unripened cheese, e.g. Brie, Camembert, etc.? Milk other than pasteurised cow's milk? Prepared prepacked salads, e.g. leaves, beanspouts, coleslaw, etc? Prepared salad loose from salad bars, e.g. potato salad,, coleslaw, Precut/prepared fruit, e.g.melon, Ready-to-eat dips? Prepacked sandwiches? Custom made sandwiches, e.g. from sandwich bar? Pate? Cold cooked deli meats, e.g. ham, salami, parma ham, etc? Frozen vegetables eaten without further cooking? Ready-to-eat (eaten cold or hot) chicken dishes either cook-chill, cook-freeze, take-away? Smoked fish, e.g. smoked salmon, etc? Cold shellfish, i.e. crustaceans (crab/prawn) or bivalves (oysters/ mussles) incl. fresh/frozen/smoked? Foods brought in privately from abroad? Any other suspect food? Laboratory testing on any Unknown If YES: name food item suspect food? Note if positive food item, please L. monocytogenes present? Unknown ensure isolate referred for typing In four weeks before onset, did case travel outside of Ireland? Unknown If YES, details of travel Accommodation in four weeks Private house Hospital facility Long-term care facility before onset? (Tick ALL that apply) Other facility Unknown If FACILITY: name



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D. CASE DEFINITION

LISTERIOSIS (LISTERIA MONOCYTOGENES)

Clinical Criteria

Any person with at least one of the following five:

- Fever
- Meningitis, meningoencephalitis, or encephalitis
- Influenza-like symptoms
- Septicaemia
- Localized infections such as arthritis, endocarditis, endophthalmitis, and abscesses

Listeriosis in pregnancy:

Pregnancy-related consequences of *Listeria* infection defined as: spontaneous abortion, miscarriage, stillbirth or premature birth during the pregnancy

Listeriosis of newborns defined as one of the following:

- Stillbirth
- Premature birth

OR

At least one of the following five in the first month of life (neonatal listeriosis):

- Meningitis or meningoencephalitis
- Septicaemia
- Dyspnoea
- Granulomatosis infantiseptica
- Lesions on skin, mucosal membranes or conjunctivae

Laboratory Criteria

At least one of the following two:

Isolation of Listeria monocytogenes or detection of nucleic acid of Listeria monocytogenes from a normally sterile site

In a pregnancy-associated case also:

Isolation of *Listeria monocytogenes* or detection of nucleic acid from *Listeria monocytogenes* in a normally non-sterile site (for example, placental tissue, amniotic fluid, meconium, vaginal swab) or from a foetus, stillborn, newborn or the mother

Epidemiological Criteria

At least one of the following four epidemiological links:

- Exposure to a common source
- Human to human transmission (vertical transmission)
- Exposure to contaminated food
- Animal to human transmission

Case Classification

A. Possible case

NA

B. Probable case

Any person meeting the clinical criteria with an epidemiological link

C. Confirmed case

Any person meeting the laboratory criteria for a normal sterile site

OR

In a pregnancy-associated case (mother or newborn in the first month of life) meeting the laboratory criteria, only the mother is to be reported as a case.

Current as of: 24 July 2018